be determined by the local Federal fisheries manager in consultation with  $\mbox{ADF}\&G$ .

(v) In the Southeastern Alaska Area, except for sections 3A, 3B, and 3C and the Stikine and Taku Rivers, you may take coho salmon in Southeast Alaska waters under Federal jurisdiction under the terms of a Federal subsistence fishing permit. There is no closed season. The daily harvest limit is 20 coho salmon per household, and the annual limit is 40 coho salmon per household. Only dipnets, spears, gaffs, and rod and reel may be used. Bait may only be used from September 15 through November 15. You may not retain incidentally caught trout and sockeye salmon unless taken by gaff or

(vi) You may take coho salmon in Subdistricts 3(A), (B), and (C) only under the terms of a Federal subsistence fishing permit. There is no closed season. The daily harvest limit is 20 fish per household. Only spears, dip net, and rod and reel may be used. Bait may be used only from September 15 through November 15.

(vii) If you take salmon, trout, or char incidentally with gear operated under terms of a subsistence permit for other salmon, they may be kept for subsistence purposes. You must report any salmon, trout, or char taken in this manner on your permit calendar.

(viii) No permits for the use of nets will be issued for the salmon streams flowing across or adjacent to the road systems within the city limits of Petersburg, Wrangell, and Sitka.

(ix) You shall immediately remove the pelvic fins of all salmon when taken.

(x) You may not possess subsistencetaken and sport-taken salmon on the same day.

(xi) For the Salmon Bay Lake system, the daily harvest and season limit per household is 30 sockeye salmon.

(xii) For Virginia Lake (Mill Creek), the daily harvest limit per household is 20 sockeye salmon, and the season limit per household is 40 sockeye salmon.

(xiii) For Thoms Creek, the daily harvest limit per household is 20 sockeye salmon, and the season limit per household is 40 sockeye salmon.

(xiv) The Sarkar River system above the bridge is closed to the use of all nets by both Federally-qualified and non-Federally qualified users.

(xv) Only Federally-qualified subsistence users may harvest sockeye salmon in streams draining into Falls Lake Bay, Gut Bay, or Pillar Bay. In the Falls Lake Bay and Gut Bay drainages, the possession limit is 10 sockeye salmon per household. In the Pillar Bay drainage, the individual possession limit is 15 sockeye salmon with a household possession limit of 25 sockeye salmon.

(xvi) In Baranof Lake, Florence Lake, Hasselborg Lake and River, Mirror Lake, Virginia Lake, and Wilson Lake, in addition to the requirement for a Federal subsistence fishing permit, the following restrictions for the harvest of Dolly Varden, cutthroat, and rainbow trout apply:

(A) You may harvest at any time up to 10 Dolly Varden of any size;

(B) You may harvest at any time six cutthroat or rainbow trout in combination. You may only retain fish between 11" and 22". You may only use a rod and reel without bait

(xvii) In all waters, other than those identified in paragraph (i)(13)(xvi) of this section, in addition to the requirement for a subsistence fishing permit, you may harvest Dolly Varden and cutthroat and rainbow trout in accordance with the seasons and harvest limits delineated in the Alaska Administrative Code, 5 AAC 47. You may only use a rod and reel without bait unless the use of bait is specifically permitted in 5 AAC 47.

[68 FR 7282, Feb. 12, 2003, as amended at 68 FR 22313, Apr. 28, 2003]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 68 FR 7282, Feb. 12, 2003, §242.27 was added, effective Mar. 1, 2003, through Feb. 29, 2004.

# § 242.28 Subsistence taking of shell-fish.

- (a) Regulations in this section apply to subsistence taking of Dungeness crab, king crab, Tanner crab, shrimp, clams, abalone, and other shellfish or their parts.
  - (b) [Reserved]
- (c) You may take shellfish for subsistence uses at any time in any area of

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the public lands by any method unless restricted by this section.

- (d) Methods, means, and general restrictions. (1) The harvest limit specified in this section for a subsistence season for a species and the State harvest limit set for a State season for the same species are not cumulative. This means that if you have taken the harvest limit for a particular species under a subsistence season specified in this section, you may not, after that, take any additional shellfish of that species under any other harvest limit specified for a State season.
- (2) Unless otherwise provided in this section or under terms of a required subsistence fishing permit (as may be modified by this section), you may use the following legal types of gear to take shellfish:
  - (i) Abalone iron:
  - (ii) Diving gear;
  - (iii) A grappling hook;
  - (iv) A handline;
  - (v) A hydraulic clam digger;
  - (vi) A mechanical clam digger;
  - (vii) A pot;
  - (viii) A ring net;
  - (ix) A scallop dredge;
  - (x) A sea urchin rake;
  - (xi) A shovel; and
  - (xii) A trawl.
- (3) You are prohibited from buying or selling subsistence-taken shellfish, their parts, or their eggs, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) You may not use explosives and chemicals, except that you may use chemical baits or lures to attract shell-
- (5) Marking requirements for subsistence shellfish gear are as follows:
- (i) You shall plainly and legibly inscribe your first initial, last name, and address on a keg or buoy attached to unattended subsistence fishing gear, except when fishing through the ice, you may substitute for the keg or buoy, a stake inscribed with your first initial, last name, and address inserted in the ice near the hole; subsistence fishing gear may not display a permanent ADF&G vessel license number;
- (ii) Kegs or buoys attached to subsistence crab pots also must be inscribed with the name or United States Coast Guard number of the vessel used to operate the pots.

- (6) Pots used for subsistence fishing must comply with the escape mechanism requirements found in §242.27(c)(2).
- (7) You may not mutilate or otherwise disfigure a crab in any manner which would prevent determination of the minimum size restrictions until the crab has been processed or prepared for consumption.
- (e) Taking shellfish by designated harvest permit. (1) Any species of shell-fish that may be taken by subsistence fishing under this part may be taken under a designated harvest permit.
- (2) If you are a Federally-qualified subsistence user (beneficiary), you may designate another Federally-qualified subsistence user to take shellfish on your behalf. The designated fisherman must obtain a designated harvest permit prior to attempting to harvest shellfish and must return a completed harvest report. The designated fisherman may harvest for any number of beneficiaries but may have no more than two harvest limits in his/her possession at any one time.
- (3) The designated fisherman must have in possession a valid designated harvest permit when taking, attempting to take, or transporting shellfish taken under this section, on behalf of a beneficiary.
- (4) You may not fish with more than one legal limit of gear as established by this section.
- (5) You may not designate more than one person to take or attempt to take shellfish on your behalf at one time. You may not personally take or attempt to take shellfish at the same time that a designated fisherman is taking or attempting to take shellfish on your behalf.
- (f) If a subsistence shellfishing permit is required by this section, the following conditions apply unless otherwise specified by the subsistence regulations in this section:
- (1) You may not take shellfish for subsistence in excess of the limits set out in the permit unless a different limit is specified in this section;
- (2) You must obtain a permit prior to subsistence fishing;
- (3) You must have the permit in your possession and readily available for inspection while taking or transporting

the species for which the permit is issued:

- (4) The permit may designate the species and numbers of shellfish to be harvested, time and area of fishing, the type and amount of fishing gear and other conditions necessary for management or conservation purposes;
- (5) If specified on the permit, you shall keep accurate daily records of the catch involved, showing the number of shellfish taken by species, location and date of the catch, and such other information as may be required for management or conservation purposes;
- (6) You must complete and submit subsistence fishing reports at the time specified for each particular area and fishery;
- (7) If the return of catch information necessary for management and conservation purposes is required by a subsistence fishing permit and you fail to comply with such reporting requirements, you are ineligible to receive a subsistence permit for that activity during the following calendar year, unless you demonstrate that failure to report was due to loss in the mail, accident, sickness, or other unavoidable circumstances.
- (g) Subsistence take by commercial vessels. No fishing vessel which is commercially licensed and registered for shrimp pot, shrimp trawl, king crab, Tanner crab, or Dungeness crab fishing may be used for subsistence take during the period starting 14 days before an opening until 14 days after the closure of a respective open season in the area or areas for which the vessel is registered. However, if you are a commercial fisherman, you may retain shellfish for your own use from your lawfully taken commercial catch.
- (h) You may not take or possess shellfish smaller than the minimum legal size limits.
- (i) Unlawful possession of subsistence shellfish. You may not possess, transport, give, receive, or barter shellfish or their parts taken in violation of Federal or State regulations.
- (j)(1) An owner, operator, or employee of a lodge, charter vessel, or other enterprise that furnishes food, lodging, or guide services may not furnish to a client or guest of that enter-

- prise, shellfish that has been taken under this section, unless:
- (i) The shellfish has been taken with gear deployed and retrieved by the client or guest who is a federally-qualified subsistence user;
- (ii) The gear has been marked with the client's or guest's name and address; and
- (iii) The shellfish is to be consumed by the client or guest or is consumed in the presence of the client or guest.
- (2) The captain and crewmembers of a charter vessel may not deploy, set, or retrieve their own gear in a subsistence shellfish fishery when that vessel is being chartered.
- (k) Subsistence shellfish areas and pertinent restrictions. (1) *Southeastern Alaska-Yakutat Area.* No marine waters are currently identified under Federal subsistence management jurisdiction.
- (2) Prince William Sound Area. No marine waters are currently identified under Federal subsistence management jurisdiction.
- (3) Cook Inlet Area. (i) You may take shellfish for subsistence purposes only as allowed in this section (k)(3).
- (ii) You may not take king crab, Dungeness crab, or shrimp for subsistence purposes.
- (iii) In the subsistence taking of Tanner crab:
- (A) Male Tanner crab may be taken only from July 15 through March 15;
- (B) The daily harvest and possession limit is 5 male Tanner crab;
- (C) Only male Tanner crabs 5½ inches or greater in width of shell may be taken or possessed;
- (D) No more than 2 pots per person, regardless of type, with a maximum of 2 pots per vessel, regardless of type, may be used to take Tanner crab.
- (iv) In the subsistence taking of clams:
- (A) The daily harvest and possession limit for littleneck clams is 1,000 and the minimum size is 1.5 inches in length:
- (B) The daily harvest and possession limit for butter clams is 700 and the minimum size is 2.5 inches in length.
- (v) Other than as specified in this section, there are no harvest, possession, or size limits for other shellfish, and the season is open all year.

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- (4) Kodiak Area. (i) You may take crab for subsistence purposes only under the authority of a subsistence crab fishing permit issued by the ADF&G.
- (ii) The operator of a commercially licensed and registered shrimp fishing vessel must obtain a subsistence fishing permit from the ADF&G before subsistence shrimp fishing during a State closed commercial shrimp fishing season or within a closed commercial shrimp fishing district, section, or subsection. The permit shall specify the area and the date the vessel operator intends to fish. No more than 500 pounds (227 kg) of shrimp may be in possession aboard the vessel.
- (iii) The daily harvest and possession limit is 12 male Dungeness crabs per person; only male Dungeness crabs with a shell width of  $6\frac{1}{2}$  inches or greater may be taken or possessed. Taking of Dungeness crab is prohibited in water 25 fathoms or more in depth during the 14 days immediately before the State opening of a commercial king or Tanner crab fishing season in the location.
- (iv) In the subsistence taking of king crab:
- (A) The annual limit is six crabs per household; only male king crab with shell width of 7 inches or greater may be taken or possessed;
- (B) All crab pots used for subsistence fishing and left in saltwater unattended longer than a 2-week period shall have all bait and bait containers removed and all doors secured fully open:
- (C) You may only use one crab pot, which may be of any size, to take king crab:
- (D) You may take king crab only from June 1-January 31, except that the subsistence taking of king crab is prohibited in waters 25 fathoms or greater in depth during the period 14 days before and 14 days after State open commercial fishing seasons for red king crab, blue king crab, or Tanner crab in the location;
- (E) The waters of the Pacific Ocean enclosed by the boundaries of Womens Bay, Gibson Cove, and an area defined by a line ½ mile on either side of the mouth of the Karluk River, and extending seaward 3,000 feet, and all waters

- within 1,500 feet seaward of the shoreline of Afognak Island are closed to the harvest of king crab except by Federally-qualified subsistence users.
- (v) In the subsistence taking of Tanner crab:
- (A) You may not use more than five crab pots to take Tanner crab;
- (B) You may not take Tanner crab in waters 25 fathoms or greater in depth during the 14 days immediately before the opening of a State commercial king or Tanner crab fishing season in the location;
- (C) The daily harvest and possession limit is 12 male crabs with a shell width  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches or greater per person.
- (5) Alaska Peninsula-Aleutian Islands Area. (i) The operator of a commercially licensed and registered shrimp fishing vessel must obtain a subsistence fishing permit from the ADF&G prior to subsistence shrimp fishing during a closed State commercial shrimp fishing season or within a closed commercial shrimp fishing district, section, or subsection; the permit shall specify the area and the date the vessel operator intends to fish; no more than 500 pounds (227 kg) of shrimp may be in possession aboard the vessel.
- (ii) The daily harvest and possession limit is 12 male Dungeness crabs per person; only crabs with a shell width of 5½ inches or greater may be taken or possessed.
- (iii) In the subsistence taking of king
- (A) The daily harvest and possession limit is six male crabs per person; only crabs with a shell width of  $6\frac{1}{2}$  inches or greater may be taken or possessed;
- (B) All crab pots used for subsistence fishing and left in saltwater unattended longer than a 2-week period shall have all bait and bait containers removed and all doors secured fully open;
- (C) You may take crabs only from June 1-January 31.
- (iv) The daily harvest and possession limit is 12 male Tanner crabs per person; only crabs with a shell width of  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches or greater may be taken or possessed.
- (6) Bering Sea Area. (i) In that portion of the area north of the latitude of Cape Newenham, shellfish may only be

taken by shovel, jigging gear, pots, and ring net.

- (ii) The operator of a commercially licensed and registered shrimp fishing vessel must obtain a subsistence fishing permit from the ADF&G prior to subsistence shrimp fishing during a closed commercial shrimp fishing season or within a closed commercial shrimp fishing district, section, or subsection; the permit shall specify the area and the date the vessel operator intends to fish; no more than 500 pounds (227 kg) of shrimp may be in possession aboard the vessel.
- (iii) In waters south of 60° N. lat., the daily harvest and possession limit is 12 male Dungeness crabs per person.
- (iv) In the subsistence taking of king crab:
- (A) In waters south of  $60^{\circ}$  N. lat., the daily harvest and possession limit is six males crabs per person;
- (B) All crab pots used for subsistence fishing and left in saltwater unattended longer than a two-week period shall have all bait and bait containers removed and all doors secured fully open:
- (C) In waters south of 60° N. lat., you may take crab only from June 1-January 31;
- (D) In the Norton Sound Section of the Northern District, you must have a subsistence permit.
- (v) In waters south of  $60^{\circ}$  N. lat., the daily harvest and possession limit is 12 male Tanner crabs.

[68 FR 7282, Feb. 12, 2003]

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